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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/975,163	10/11/2001	Daniel Xu	INTO-0008-US(P12501)	9107	
7.	590 02/12/2004		EXAMINER		
Timothy N. Trop			KEBEDE, BROOK		
TROP, PRUNER, HU, P.C. 8554 KATY FWY, STE 100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	X 77024-1805		2823		
			DATE MAILED: 02/12/2004	DATE MAILED: 02/12/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application N .	Applicant(s)	71,10				
	09/975,163	XU, DANIEL					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Brook Kebede	2823					
The MAILING DATE f this communication Period for Reply	appears n the c ver sheet w	th th correspondence addres	ss				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by some and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a in. a reply within the statutory minimum of thir eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this commus BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	24 November 2003.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□	This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for all	owance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the me	erits is				
closed in accordance with the practice und	ler <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-12 is/are pending in the	e application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5 and 7-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction at	nd/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	prrection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1	.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-1	152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		11 A A					
2. Certified copies of the priority docum							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•	received in this National Sta	ge				
application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a		received					
See the attached detailed Office action for a	inst of the certified copies not	received.					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948	'	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152	2)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Si Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	۷.				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-5 and 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "A method comprising: forming a tapered electrode for a phase-change memory cell; and forming a trench using the tapered electrode as a mask" in lines 1-4. However, the recited clam lacks clarity in its meaning and scope for the following reason:

It is not clear how and where the trench is formed as recited in claim 1. As result the claim lacks clarity in its meaning and scope. Therefore, the claim is indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 2-5 and 7-12 are also rejected as being dependent of the rejected independent base claim.

Applicant's cooperation is requested in reviewing the claims structure to ensure proper claim construction and to correct any subsequently discovered instances of claim language noncompliance. See *Morton International Inc.*, 28USPQ2d 1190, 1195 (CAFC, 1993).

In light of the rejection 35 U.S.C. § 112 second Paragraph that set forth herein above, the following 35 U.S.C. 102 rejection is based on prior art which reads on the interpretation the claim language of the instant application as best as understood by the Examiner.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-5 and 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pryor et al. (US/4,845,533).

The rejection that was mailed on November 12, 2003 is maintained and repeated herein below as of record.

Re claims 1-5 and 7-12, Pryor et al. disclose a method comprising: forming a tapered electrode (38 40 42) for a phase-change memory cell; and forming a trench (see Figs. 2 and 3) using the tapered electrode as a mask (see Figs. 1-3) including covering said tapered electrode with an insulator (70); including forming a pair of tapered electrodes for a pair of adjacent phase-change memory cells, covering the electrodes with an insulator and forming a trench between the covered tapered electrodes as a mask (see Fig. 2 and 3); including self-aligning the trench to the tapered electrode; including forming a tapered electrode by isotropically etching; including forming junctions below said tapered electrode; including forming a plurality of layers of different doping levels; including forming said layers by ion implantation; including etching said layers using the same isotropic etch used to form said tapered electrode; including forming a tapered substrate portion below said tapered electrode; including forming a conical-shaped substrate portion covered by said tapered electrode; including covering said tapered substrate portion with an insulator and anisotropic etching said covered tapered substrate portion (see Figs. 1-3; Col. 5, line 40 – Col. 13, line 24).

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Remarks

- 5. The drawings objection under 37 CFR 1.83(a) is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment that was filed on November 24, 2003.
- 6. The specification objection of the Office action of November 12, 2003 is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment that was filed on November 24, 2003.
- 7. The claim Objection of Claims 3 and 6 of the Office action of November 12, 2003 is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment that was filed on November 24, 2003.
- 8. The rejection of claim 8 under 35 U.S.C. § 112 first paragraph is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment that was filed on November 24, 2003.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed on November 24, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to claims rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112 second paragraph, Applicant argued that "the requirement that the trench be formed using the tapered electrode as the mask defines with sufficient particularity where the trench must be. It must be aligned with the electrode, obviously. Beyond this, it is not believed that one skilled in the art would need any further help..."

In response to the applicant's argument, the Examiner respectfully submits that such an argument is not commensurate with the scope of the claims, in particularly, as stated above. The Examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant's contention, i.e., "the trench be formed using the tapered electrode as the mask defines with sufficient particularity where the trench must be. It must be aligned with the electrode," because the response is speculative and the rejected claim did not point out where the trench is formed. One cannot assume that the trench must be formed at certain location because of the electrode. In addition, the rejected claim does not recited the

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trench is formed in alignment with the electrode. Further, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the trench aligned with the electrode) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

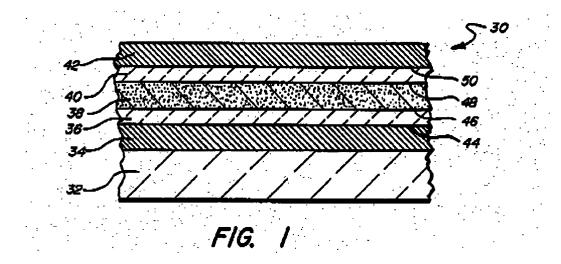
Furthermore, the Examiner respectfully submits that Applicant did not present adequate support where the trench is formed. Is that into the substrate? Is that into another layer rather than substrate? and etc. As result, the scope of the claim also cannot be determined.

Therefore, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112 second paragraph is still deemed proper.

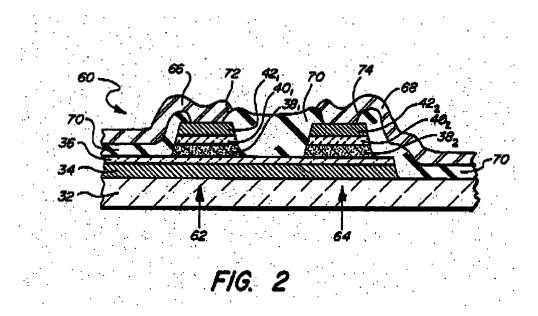
With respect to claims rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102, Applicant argued that "Pryor does not teach forming a trench whatsoever, much less forming a trench using the tapered electrode as a mask. This must be so, because in Figures 1-3 there is no trench. Moreover, there is no trench that possibly could have been formed using either electrode as a mask. . . "

In response to the applicant's argument, the Examiner respectfully submits that such an argument is not commensurate with the scope of the claims, in particularly, as stated above. The Examiner respectfully submits that, in contrary Applicant's argument, Pryor et al. '533 teach forming trench using the tapered electrode as mask. The Examiner respectfully submits Figs. 1-3 of Pryor et al. '533 herein below:

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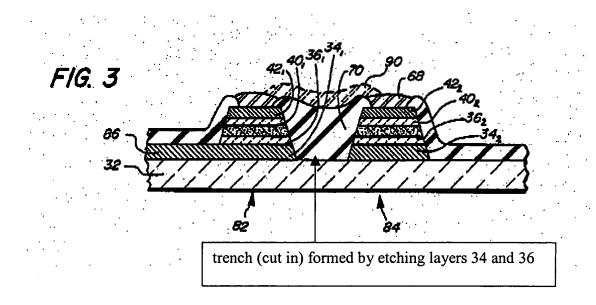


As shown above, layers 38, 40 and 42 are etched the form the tapered electrode as depicted in Fig. 2 as follows:



Note that in Fig. 2, layers 34 and 36 are not etched. However, in Fig. 3 layers 34 and 36 are etched using the tapered electrode (38 40 42) as a mask as shown below in Fig. 3 to form a trench (cut in).

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In addition, according to Merriam-Webster Colligate Dictionary 10th edition, the meaning of "trench" is *to make a cut in*. Office personnel must rely on the applicant's disclosure to properly determine the meaning of terms used in the claims. Markman v. Westview Instruments, 52 F.3d 967, 980, 34 USPQ2d 1321, 1330 (Fed. Cir.) (en banc), aff 'd, U.S., 116 S. Ct. 1384 (1996). Hence, "trench" does not have any kind special meaning in light of the specification of the instant application. Office personnel are to give claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. See *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44 USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. See *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969). See also *In re Zletz*, 893 F.2d 319, 321-22, 13 USPQ2d 1320, 1322 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

Therefore, the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102 is still deemed proper.

Conclusion

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Correspondence

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brook Kebede whose telephone number is (703) 306-4511.

After February 4, 2004, the Examiner should be contacted at (571) 272-1862. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5 Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Olik Chaudhuri can be reached on (703) 306-2794. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

BK February 1, 2004

> W. DAVID COLEMAN PRIMARY EXAMINED